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ENERGY AND MOBILITY IMPACT OF SMART MOBILITY TECHNOLOGIES



AYMERIC ROUSSEAU

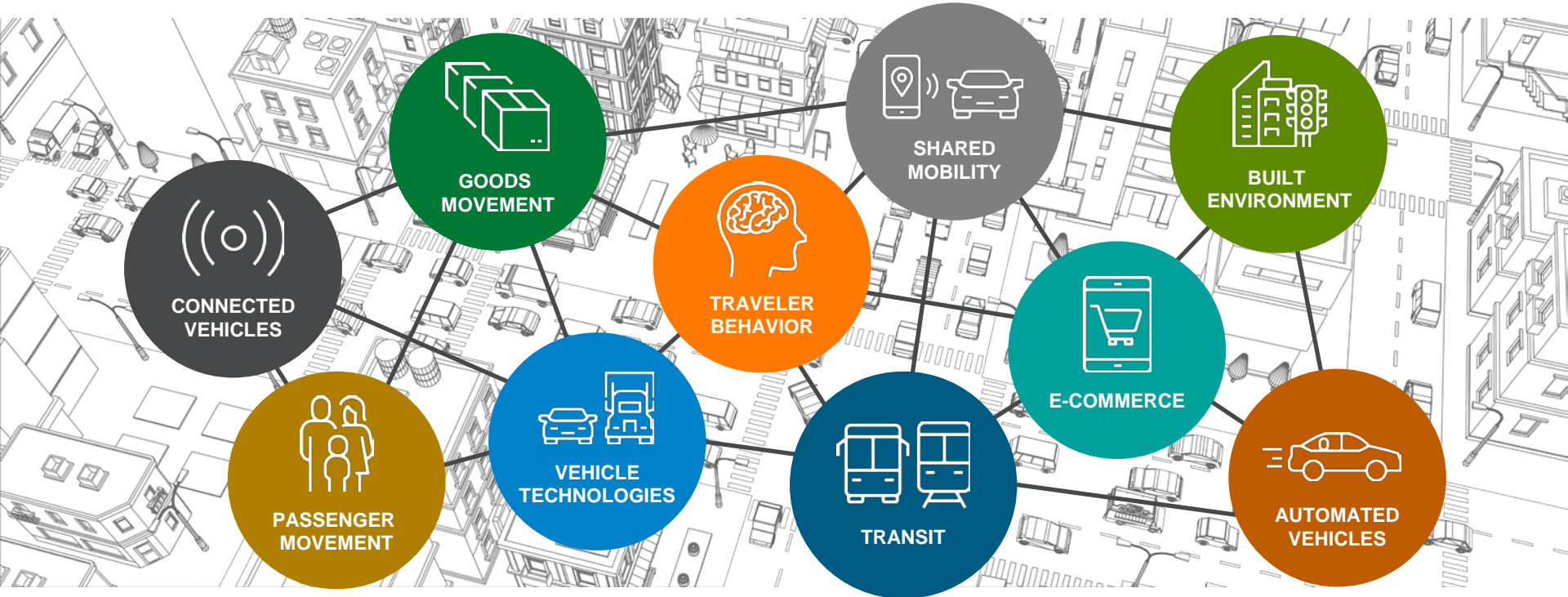
Manager

Vehicle and Mobility Systems Group

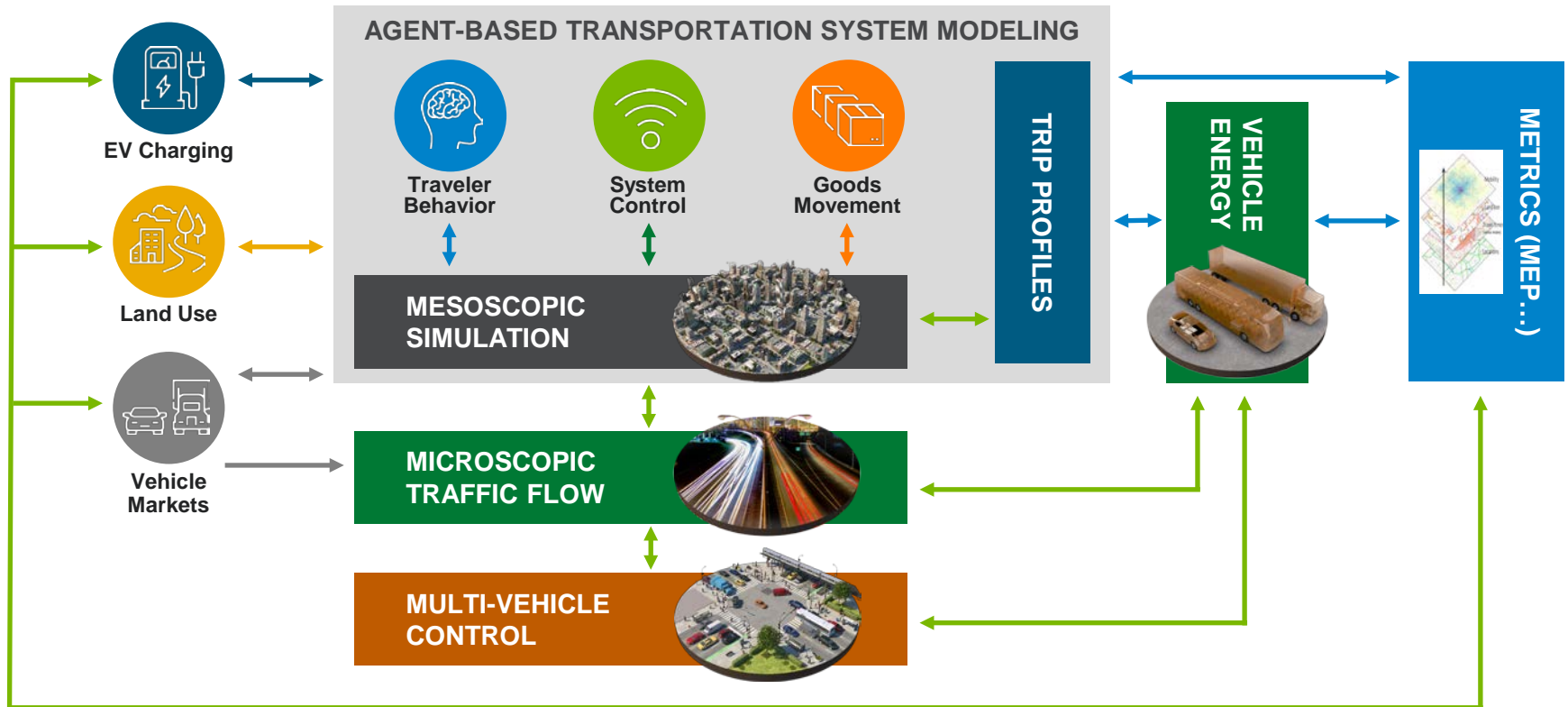
Argonne National Laboratory

TRANSPORTATION IS A SYSTEM OF SYSTEMS

Research Portfolio



END-TO-END MODELING WORKFLOW



WORKFLOW IMPLEMENTATION USING POLARIS IS UNIQUE



POLARIS

■ Key modeling features:

- Full-featured **activity-based** model
- Includes **freight** shipments and local deliveries
- High-fidelity **vehicle energy** consumption
- **Integrated** demand, network assignment and traffic flow
- **EV charging** and **grid** integration
- Connection to **UrbanSIM** land use
- Traveler behavior impacts of **VOTT** across many choices

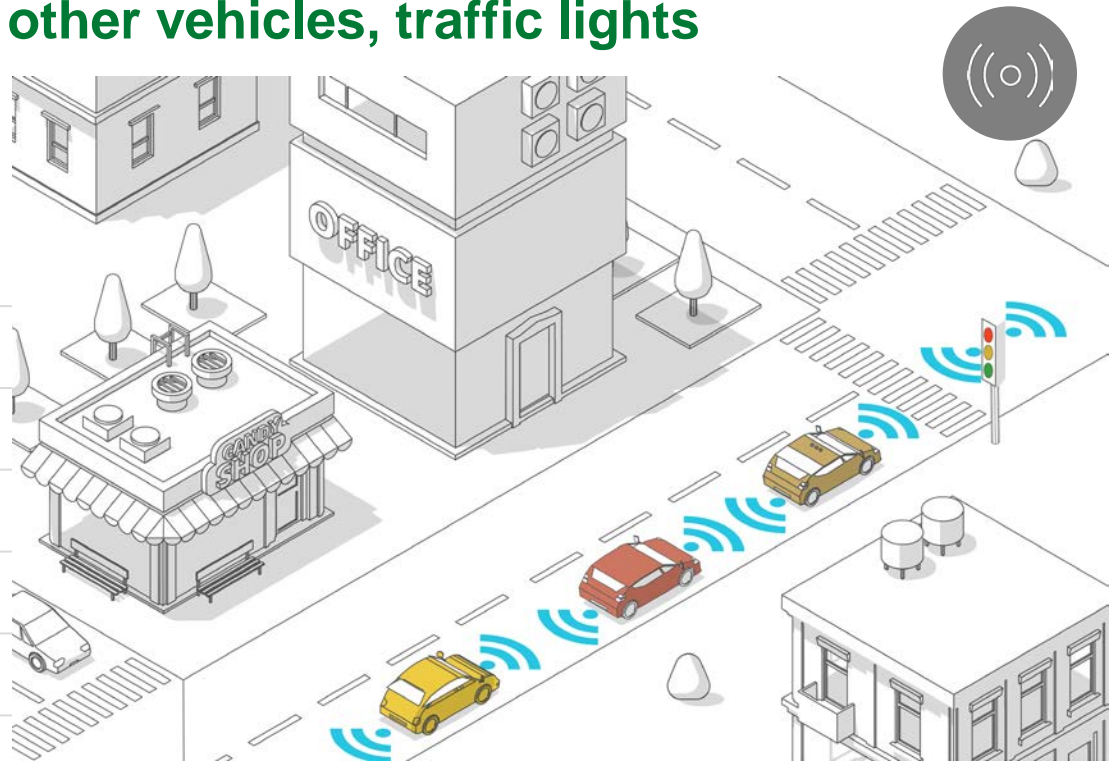
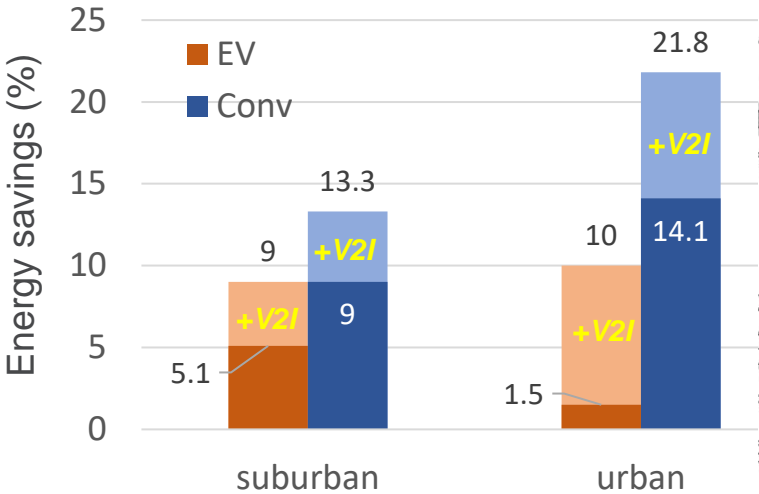
Computational performance:

- Fully **agent-based**
- Integration with external **optimization** solvers (CPLEX, Gurobi, GLPK)
- High-performance **C++ codebase**
- Large-scale models with **100% of agents**
- **4-6 hr runtime** for up to 10 million agents
- Cross-platform implementation can run on Linux **HPC** clusters

VEHICLE AND POWERTRAIN CONTROL OFFER SIZABLE BENEFITS

Adaptation to conditions, other vehicles, traffic lights

UP TO
20% INDIVIDUAL
VEHICLE FUEL
CONSUMPTION
REDUCTION

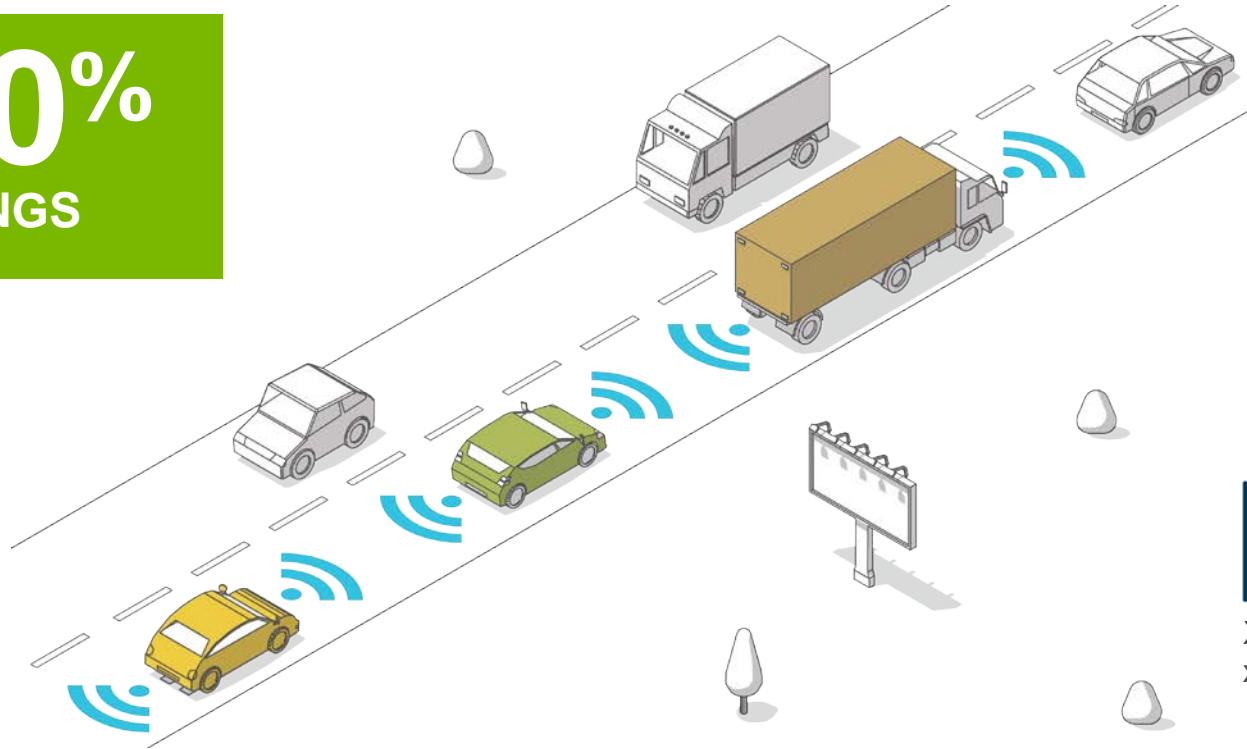


CACC HELPS TRAFFIC FLOW, LOWERS ENERGY USE



Vehicle communication + automation improves traffic flow

UP TO **20%**
FUEL SAVINGS

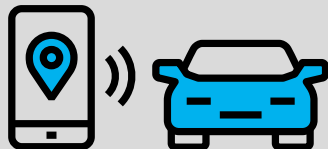


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SCENARIOS CONSIDERED

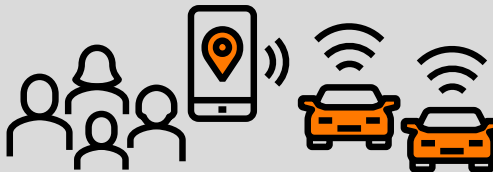
A world of

HIGH SHARING, PARTIAL AUTOMATION (Sharing)



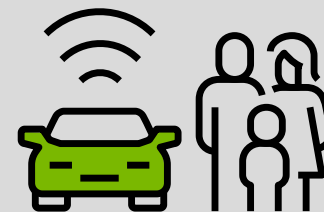
New technology enables people to significantly increase the use of **transit, ride-hailing and multi-modal travel**. **Partial automation** is introduced and is primarily used on the highway.

HIGH SHARING, HIGH AUTOMATION (SAV)



Technology has taken over our lives, enabling **high usage of fully automated driverless vehicles, ride-hailing and multi-modal trips**, which are convenient and inexpensive. As a result, **private ownership has decreased** and **e-commerce has increased**.

LOW SHARING, HIGH AUTOMATION (Private-AV)



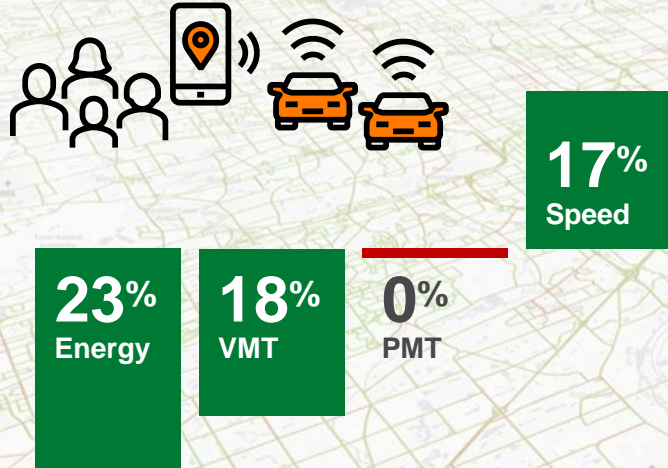
Fully automated privately owned driverless vehicles dominate the market. The ability to own AVs leads to **low ride-sharing** and an expansion of urban/sub-urban boundaries, while **e-commerce has increased**.

SHARED FLEET CAVS ENABLE HIGH SYSTEM EFFICIENCY

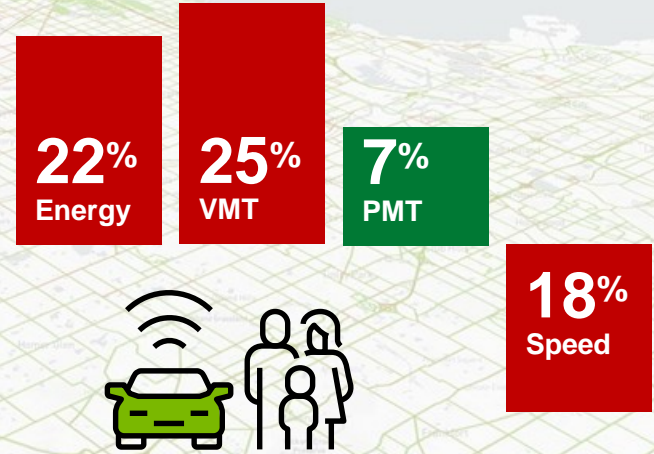
Compared to personally owned CAVs



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High Sharing / Low Automation

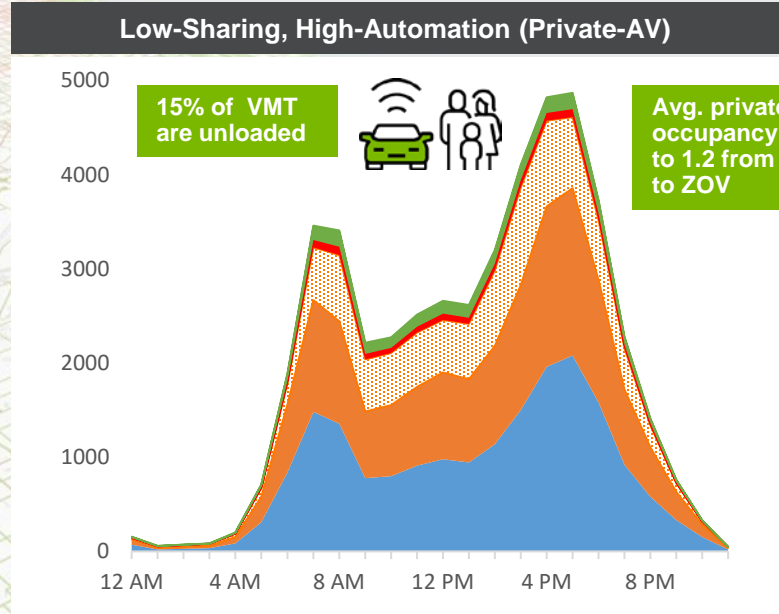
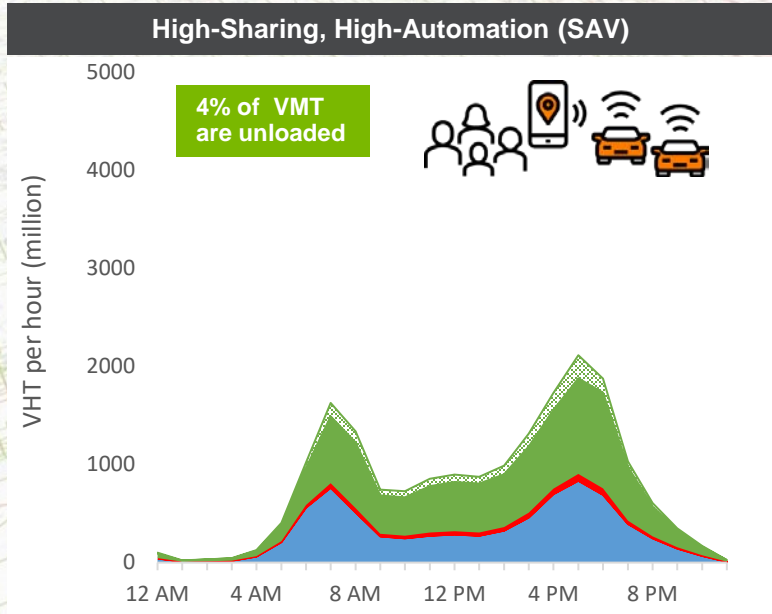


Low Sharing / High Automation

OPERATIONAL DIFFERENCES BETWEEN SAV AND PRIVATE AV ARE KEY



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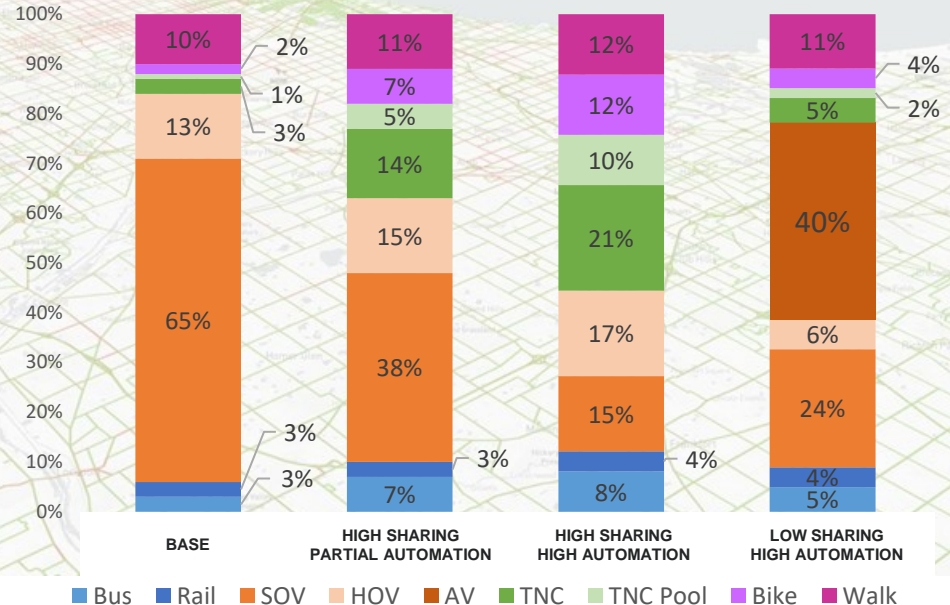


INDIVIDUAL TRAVEL BEHAVIOR CHANGES ALSO DRIVE OUTCOMES

- Transit use grows from 6% to 12% mode share as HH dispose vehicles
- Private-AV encourage additional SOV trips
- Urban households shift to transit, suburban shift to TNC if disposing vehicle



Mode share substantially changes



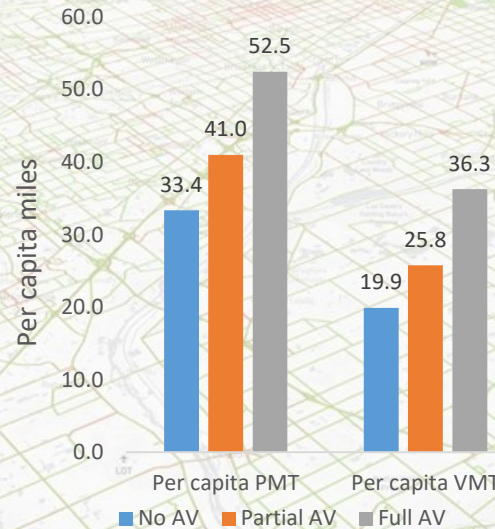
HOUSEHOLDS WITH AV BEHAVE MUCH DIFFERENTLY

Up to 82% VMT increase in households owning an AV

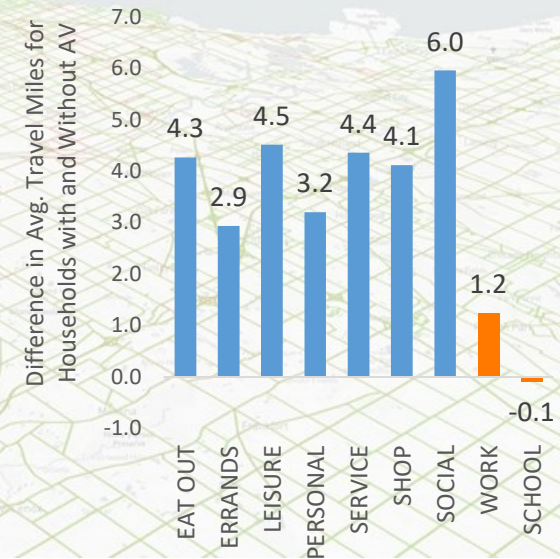


- Discretionary activity trips 3–6 miles longer (+30%)
- Additional trips concentrated in PM peak
- Persons with AV spend up to 30 minutes more in travel per day

Households with AV drive more than others



Driven by increased travel to discretionary activities

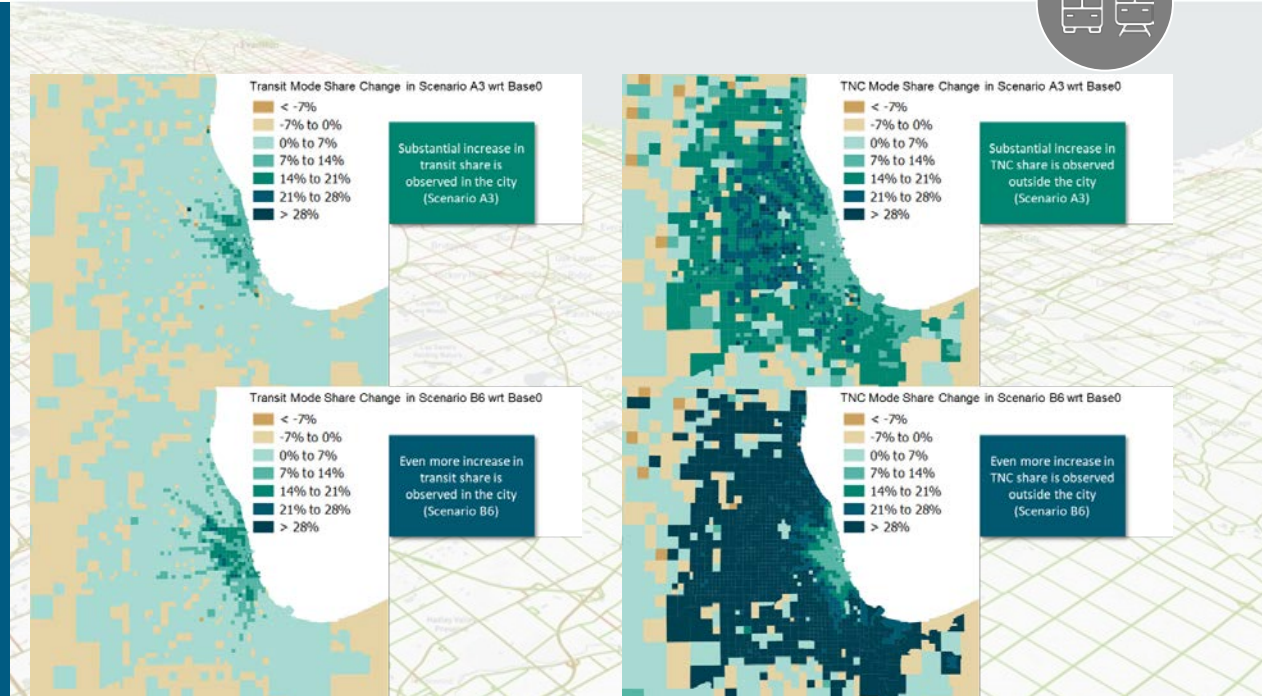


TRANSIT AND RIDE-HAIL CAN BE COMPLEMENTARY

Transit provides key mobility in urban core, TNC serves suburbs

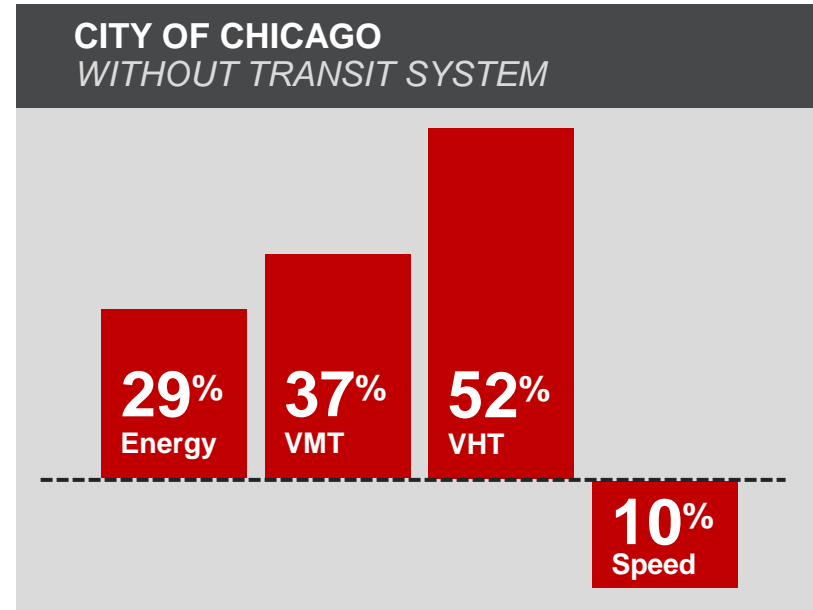
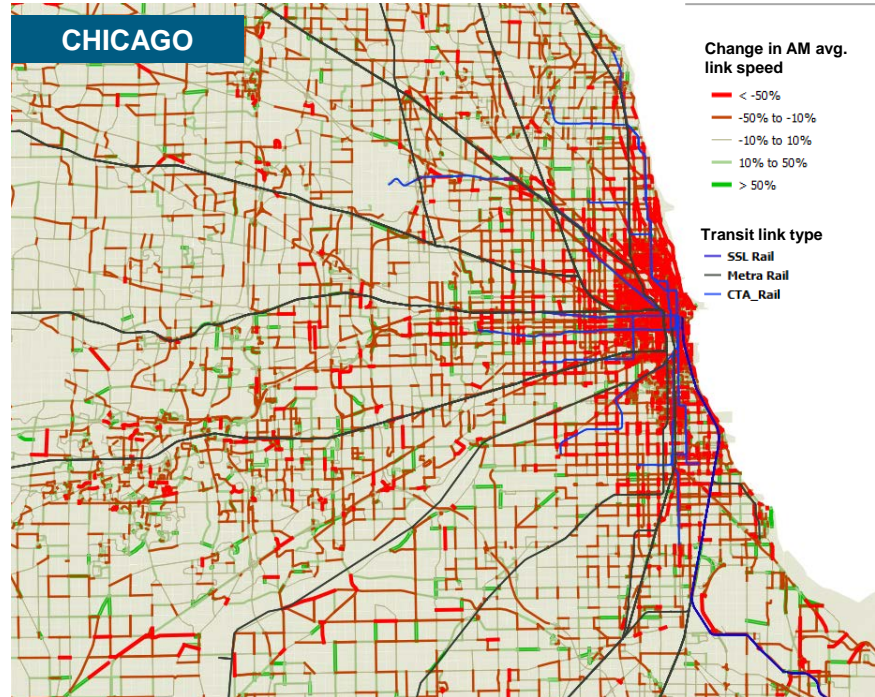


- Transit ridership grows as vehicle disposal rate increases
- Increase in transit along hub and spoke lines, even as TNC increases
- Limited increase in TNC use in high-quality transit areas



TRANSIT IS CRITICAL TO MOBILITY

Absent transit, energy use and congestion increase

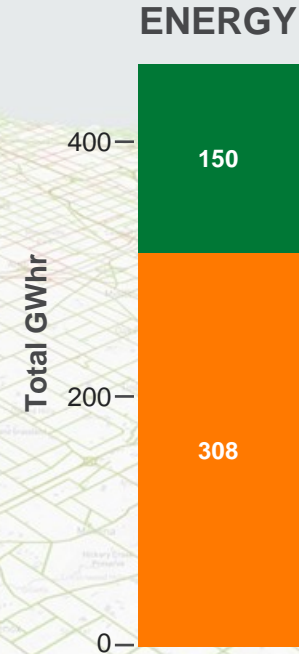
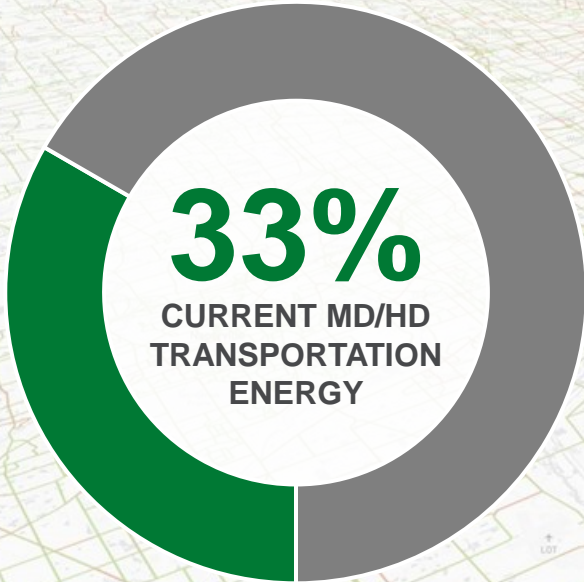


FREIGHT MOVEMENT WILL BE INCREASINGLY IMPORTANT

Due to increased light duty electrification and freight demand



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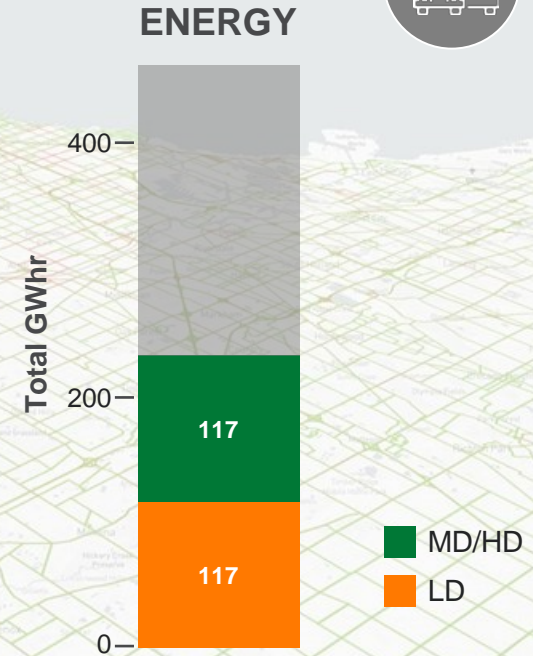
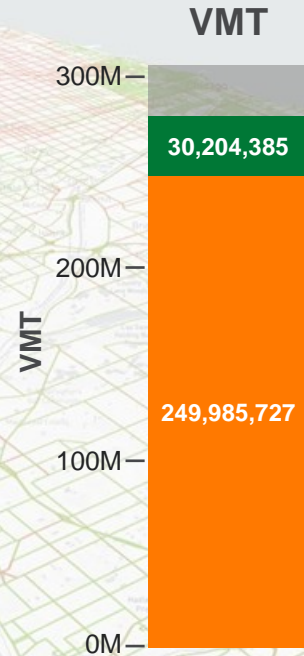
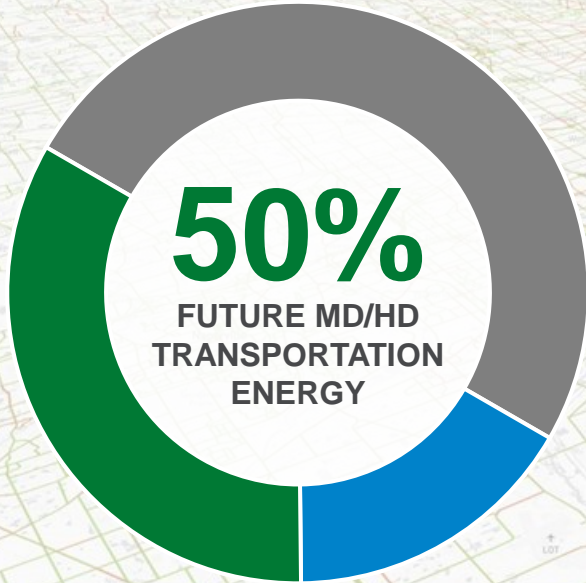
■ MD/HD
■ LD

FREIGHT MOVEMENT WILL BE INCREASINGLY IMPORTANT

Due to increased light duty electrification and freight demand



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INCREASE IN E-COMMERCE LOWERS OVERALL SYSTEM VMT AND ENERGY

Fewer shopping trips, more deliveries make the difference

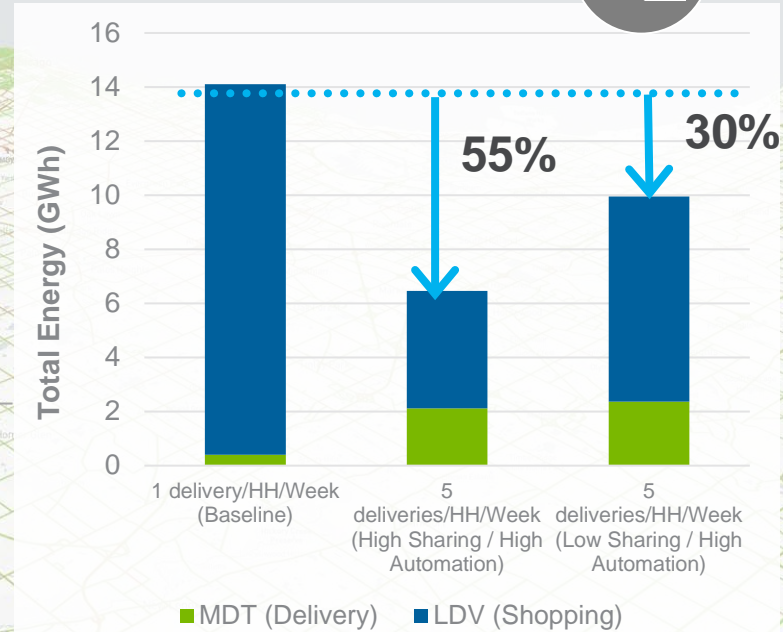
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SHOPPING TRIP = 7 to 8 miles, each way



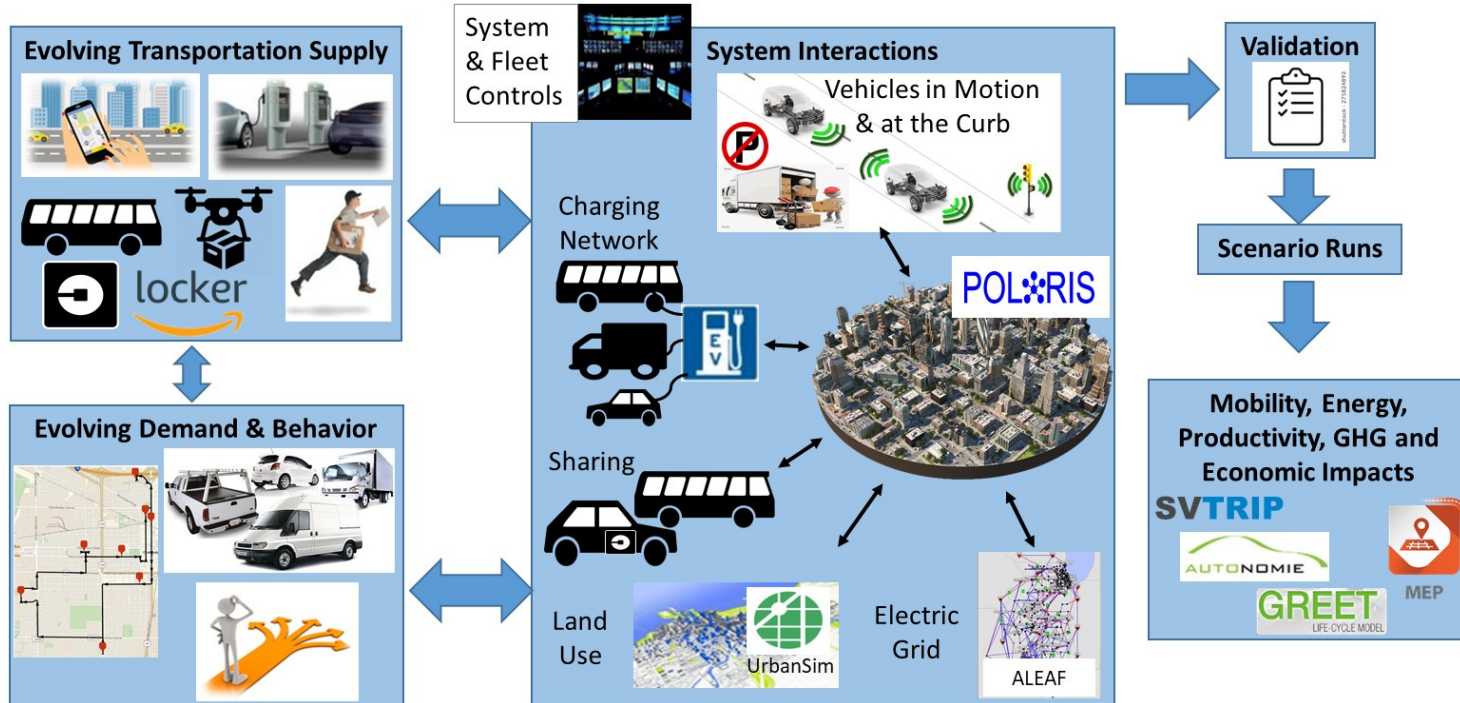
DELIVERY TRIP

1 ADDED STOP = 0.4 mile



PROPOSED FUTURE RESEARCH

Significantly expand the number of scenarios considered and validate through deployment



For any questions, please contact:
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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY

SMARTMOBILITY

Systems and Modeling for Accelerated Research in Transportation